

## Literacy is powerful!

Each year on International Literacy Day (8 September) the world celebrates the role that reading and writing play in our lives. We also remember that there are about 781 million people across the world who can't complete simple but important tasks, like filling in a form or reading the instructions on a medicine bottle, and who are never able to get lost in a novel. There are many reasons why people don't learn to read and write, but this happens mainly because they don't have what they need to learn – good resources and the right kind of help and inspiration!

Being literate is not only about being able to use basic reading and writing skills. It is about having the power to use reading and writing to learn; to explore and communicate what we think, feel and know; and to use it to discover different ways of seeing the world.

Koketso Ratsatsi is part of the Mohlakeng Youth Movement. This team of young and inspiring people is working to grow a culture of reading in their community in Mohlakeng, Gauteng. Here is what she says about the power of literacy.

**“** Knowledge is powerful, and is transmitted through reading. Knowledge is one thing that no one can ever take away from you. We need books to help us discover new things, but books are also important because they help us pass down and uphold the many different indigenous languages in our country.

There are many good reasons why reading needs to be intensified in our country. I always tell anyone who cares to listen that reading gradually builds confidence, and that for a child's future, successful reading is essential. One of the ways in which we can make reading enticing, is by offering children books in their home languages and instilling a deep love for their mother tongue before moving on to additional dialects and other languages.

Imagine this: if we all went to libraries and book clubs regularly, we would have a functioning society of curious, literate citizens. After our library in Mohlakeng was burnt down during a service delivery protest, a group of us started our own library, offering what books we could. Since then, children have been visiting us daily, and through relaxed one-on-one reading sessions, we're already seeing an improvement in their confidence and skills. So, I ask you to join us in affirming our children's right to read by sharing a book or a story with the children in your life. **”**



## Tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala e na le maatla!

**Ngwaga o mongwe le o mongwe ka Letšatši la Tsebo ya go Bala le go Ngwala la Boditšhabatšaba (8 Setemere) lefase le keteka karolo ya go bapalwa ke go bala le go ngwala maphelong a rena. Re gopola le gore go na le batho ba dimilione tše 781 lefaseng ka bophara ba go palelwa ke go phethagatša mešomo ye bonolo efela ye bohlokwa, bjalo ka go tlatša foromo goba go bala ditaetšo lebottlelong la sehlare, le bao ba ka se kego ba tsoga ba ba kgonne go bala padi. Go na le mabaka a mantši a go dira gore batho ba se ithute go bala le go ngwala, efela se se hlohwka ke gobane ba hloka seo ba ka ithutago sona – didirišwa tša botse le thušo ya maleba le tutuetšo!**

Tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala ga e fela ka ga go kgora go diriša mabokgona a motheo a go bala le go ngwala. E bolela ka go ba le maatla a go diriša go bala le go ngwala go ithuta; go hlohlomisa le go bolela seo re se naganago, re se kwago le go se tseba; le go e diriša go utulla ditsela tša go fapanafapanana tše re bonago lefase ka tšona.

Koketso Ratsatsi ke yo mongwe wa maloko a Mokgatlo wa Baswa ba Mohlakeng. Sehlopha se sa baswa ba go ba le tutuetšo se šoma go godiša setšo sa go bala setšhabeng sa gabonka kua Mohlakeng, Gauteng. Fa ke seo a se bolelago ka maatla a tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala.

**“** Tsebo e na le maatla, gomme e fetišetšwa ka go bala. Tsebo ke selo se tee seo go sego motho yo a ka go tšeelago sona. Re hloka dipuku tša go re thuša go utulla dilo tše diswa, efela dipuku di bohlokwa gape ka ge di re thuša go fetiša le go godiša dipolelo tša tlhago tša go fapanafapanana tše dintši nageng ya rena.

Go na le mabaka a mantši ao ka ona go hlokegago go matlafatšwa ga go bala nageng ya rena. Ka mehla ke rata go boiša bao ba ratago go theeleša gore go bala go aga boitshepho gannyaneganyane, le gore go bala ka katlego go bohlokwa bokamosong bja ngwana. Ye nngwe ya ditsela tše di ka dirago gore go bala go goketše, ke go fa bana dipuku tša dipolelo tša bona tša gae, le go tsenyeletša lerato le legolo la polelo ya gabonka pele ba fetela go mebolelo ya tlalelešo le dipolelo tše dingwe.

Nagana ka se: ge nkabe ka moka ga rena re eya makgobapuku le dihlopheng tša go bala ka mehla, nkabe re na le setšhaba sa go šoma sa badudi ba go duma go tseba, gape ba go ba le tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala. Morago ga go fišwa ga bokgobapuku bja rena bja Mohlakeng ka mogwanto wa kabonka ya ditirelo, re ile ra thoma bokgobapuku bja rena re le sehlapha, ra neelana ka dipuku ka fao re kgora go diriša. E sa le go tloga ka nako yeo, bana ba re etela letšatši ka letšatši, gomme ka go bala ka o tee ka o tee re iketlile, re bona boitshepho le mabokgona a bona a kaonafetše. Ka fao, ke kgopela gore o be le rena ge re tša tokelo ya bana ba rena ya go bala ka go abelana puku goba kanegelo le bana bao ba lego bophelong bja gago. **”**

### INSIDE:

- ★ A book: *Children's literacy rights*
- ★ Simple ways to support your children's literacy
- ★ A special Literacy Day story featuring the Nal'ibali characters

### KA GARE:

- ★ Puku: *Ditokelo tša bana tša tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala*
- ★ Ditsela tše bonolo tša go thekga tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala ya bana ba gago
- ★ Kanegelo ya Letšatši la Tsebo ya go Bala le go Ngwala ya go Kgethega ya go ba le baanegwa ba Nal'ibali



Drive your imagination

Story Power.  
Bring it home.  
Tliša maatla a kanegelo ka gae.

**Nal'ibali**  
It starts with a story...

## Nal'ibali news

Last year, people across South Africa helped us read aloud to almost 50 000 children on World Read Aloud Day! In 2015, Nal'ibali was determined to share the power of reading aloud with even more children ... and thanks to you and all our other supporters, we managed to reach our goal and set a new reading record. On 4 March 2015, a massive 166 360 children listened to a story being read aloud to them!

We started by asking Gcina Mhlophe, the renowned writer, storyteller and activist to write a story especially for us – and that was how *Sisanda's gift* was born. People signed up on our website to record the number of children they read the story aloud to. Nal'ibali Literacy Mentors brought the story to schools, early childhood development centres, libraries and reading clubs in six provinces: KwaZulu-Natal, Eastern Cape, Western Cape, Gauteng, Free State and Limpopo. So many of you sent in your photos taken on the day! We also received quotes, ideas and opinions about the story. Thank you for helping us to set the new South African read-aloud record!

Here are just a few of the photographs you sent us.

Fa ke tše mmalwa fela tša dinepe tše le re rometšego tšona.



Paarlzicht Primary School, Paarl, Western Cape

Sekolo sa Phoraemari sa Paarlzicht, Paarl, Kapa Bodikela



Vanani Farm School, Mooiplaas,  
Eastern Cape

Sekolo sa Polaseng sa Vanani,  
Mooiplaas, Kapa Bohlabela



Parkview Junior School, Johannesburg, Gauteng

Sekolo sa Parkview Junior, Johannesburg, Gauteng

For me, the most important thing is for children to feel loved in many different ways, and sharing a story with them, is a beautiful way of showing that you care.  
*Gcina Mhlophe*

Go mna, sa bohlokwa kudu ke gore bana ba ikwe ba ratega ka ditsela tša go fapania tše dintši, le go abelana kanegelo le bona, ke tsela ye botse ya go laetša gore o a ba hlokomela.  
*Gcina Mhlophe*

## NAL'IBALI ON RADIO!

Enjoy listening to stories in Sepedi and in English on Nal'ibali's radio show:  
Thobela FM on Saturday from 9.20 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.  
and on Sunday from 7.50 a.m. to 8.00 a.m.  
SAfm on Monday to Wednesday  
from 1.50 p.m. to 2.00 p.m.



## NAL'IBALI DIYALEMOYENG!

Ipshine ka go theeletša dikanegelo ka Sepedi le Seisemanane lenaneong la seyalemoya la Nal'ibali:  
Thobela FM ka Mokibelo go thoma ka 9.20 a.m. go fihla ka 9.30 a.m.  
le ka Sontaga go thoma ka 7.50 a.m. go fihla ka 8.00 a.m.  
SAfm ka Mošupologo go fihla ka Laboraro go thoma ka 1.50 p.m. go fihla ka 2.00 p.m.



Drive your imagination



## Get story active!

Here are some ideas for using the stories and children's literacy rights book in this supplement. Choose the ones that best suit your children's ages and interests.

### Who is King?

Children of all ages will enjoy these stories from Africa! Children aged 5 and older may enjoy you reading these stories aloud to them. But, if you are using the stories with younger children, you may want to read them on your own first, and then retell the stories in your own words while showing the children the pictures.



- Read and discuss each story separately.
- After reading "Who is King?", discuss these questions with your children.
  - ◎ Do you think the animals really thought that Lion was king of all the animals, or were they just saying that to keep him happy?
  - ◎ How do you think Lion felt about what Elephant did?
  - ◎ What do you think about what Elephant did? What would you have done?
- After reading "Unanana and One-Tusk" do some of these things.
  - ◎ Discuss with your children what they think about the choices that the different characters made in the story. For example: "Do you think that it was okay for One-Tusk to swallow the children because he was angry? Why?"; "What would you have done if you were Unanana and an elephant had swallowed your children?"; "What lesson do you think elephants might have learnt from what happened?" and "What lesson do you think the villagers learnt?"
  - ◎ Suggest that your children use playdough, clay or Plasticine to make the characters in the story, and then use these to retell the story in their own way.

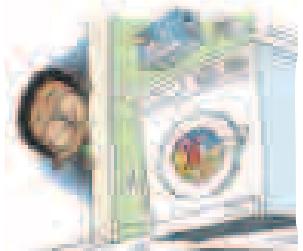
### Children's literacy rights

This little book helps children to think about the ways they use reading and writing in their lives. It is best to use it with children aged 6 and older, although younger children will probably enjoy talking about the pictures.

- Read each of the rights, pausing after each one so that your children can comment or ask questions. You can ask questions or make comments too! Here are some examples.
  - ◎ **Right 1:** Who reads to you? What's your favourite storybook?
  - ◎ **Right 2:** Look at all these languages. (Read the names of the languages.) Which ones do you know well? Which ones do you know a little? Which ones do you use at school? Which ones do you use at home? Do you know anyone who speaks any of these languages?
  - ◎ **Right 4:** What kinds of books do you think the children are reading? What kinds of books do you enjoy?
  - ◎ **Right 8:** In this picture, Neo and Mbali's dad is writing down the story they are telling him. What do you think their story is about? Let's write down that story.
- After you have finished reading, try one of these activities.
  - ◎ Write down a story that your child dictates to you and then read it together.
  - ◎ Encourage your children to keep a list of all the stories that they read in a month. At the end of the month, talk together about the ones they enjoyed the most.
  - ◎ Tell your children one of your favourite stories and then invite them to tell you one of theirs.

### We have to go!

This story takes place on International Literacy Day. Neo is excited to see his favourite author at the library and give her the book he has made for her, but his Dad is too busy to take him. Enjoy reading the story aloud or retelling it.



- Suggest that your children make their own books just like Neo did in the story. Let them decide who they would like to give their books to – or whether they would like to keep them to read at home!
- Read some books written and/or illustrated by Joan Rankin. Find information about her books on [www.jacana.co.za](http://www.jacana.co.za), [www.nb.co.za](http://www.nb.co.za) and [www.shuters.com](http://www.shuters.com). You can also find books that she illustrated in past supplement editions on our website: [www.nalibali.org](http://www.nalibali.org). Look for editions 16, 19, 33, 37, 52, 60, 76 and 91.

## Dira gore kanegelo e be le bophelo!

Fa ke dikgopololo tše mmalwa tša go diriša dikanegelo le puku ya ditokelo tša bana tša tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala hlaletšong ye. Kgetha tša go swanela mengwaga ya bana ba gago le dikgahlego tša bona kudu.



### Kgoši ke mang?

Bana ba mengwaga ya go fapanafapana ba tla ipshina ka dikanegelo tše tša go tšwa Afrika! Bana ba mengwaga ye 5 le go feta ba ka ipshina ge o ka ba balela dikanegelo tše o hlaboša lentšu. Efela, ge o balela bana ba bannyane dikanegelo, o ka nyaka go di bala pele o le tee, morago wa di anega leswa o diriša mantšu a gago ebile o ba bontšha diswantšho.

- Balang le ahlaahle kanegelo ye nngwe le ye nngwe e le tee.
- Morago ga go bala "Kgoši ke mang?", ahlaahla dipotšišo tše le bana ba gago.
- ◎ Naa o gopola gore diphoofolo di be di nagana gore Tau ke kgoši ya diphoofolo ka moka, goba di be di bolela seo go mo thabiša?
- ◎ O gopola gore Tau e ikwele bjang ka se se dirilwego ke Tlou?
- ◎ O nagana eng ka se se dirilwego ke Tlou? Nkabe e le wena nkabe o dirile eng?
- Morago ga go bala "Unanana le Lenaka-le-Tee" dira tše dingwe tša dilo tše.
- ◎ Boledišana le bana ba gago ka ga se ba se gopolago ka ga dikgetho tša go dirwa ke baanegwa ba go fapanafapana kanegelong. Mohlala: "Naa o gopola gore go be go lokile gore Lenaka-le-Tee a metše bana ka ge a be a bebefšwe? Ke ka lebaka la eng?"; "Ge nkabe e le wena Unanana gomme tlou a meditše bana ba gago o be o tla dira eng?"; "O gopola gore ditlou di ka be di ithutile thuto efe go se se diregilego?" gape "O gopola gore badudi ba motse ba ithutile thuto efe?"
- ◎ Šišinya gore bana ba gago ba diriše tege ya go bapala, letsopa goba Plastisaene go dira baanegwa ba ka kanegelong, gomme ba di diriše go anega kanegelo leswa ka tsela ya bona.

### Ditokelo tša bana tša tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala

Pukwana ye e thuša bana go nagana ka ditsela tše ba di dirišago go bala le go ngwala maphelong a bona. Go kaone kudu go e diriša le bana ba mengwaga ye 6 le go feta, le ge e le gore bana ba bannyane ba ka ipshina ka go bolela ka diswantšho.

- Bala ye nngwe le ye nngwe ya ditokelo, gomme o eme morago ga go bala ye nngwe le ye nngwe ya tšona gore bana ba gago ba swayaswaye goba ba botšiše dipotšišo. Le wena o ka swayaswaya goba wa botšiše dipotšišo! Ye mengwe ya mehlala ke ye.
- ◎ **Tokelo ya 1:** O balelwa ke mang? Pukukanegelo ya gago ya mmamoratwa ke efe?
- ◎ **Tokelo ya 2:** Lebelela dipolelo tše ka moka. (Bala maina a dipolelo.) Ke dife tše o di tsebago gabotse? Ke dife tše o di tsebago gannyane? Ke dife tše o di dirišago sekolong? Ke dife tše o di dirišago gae? Go na le motho yo o mo tsebago yo a bolelagoo nngwe ya dipolelo tše?
- ◎ **Tokelo ya 4:** O nagana gore bana ba bala dipuku tša mohuta ofe? O ipshina ka dipuku tša mohuta ofe?
- ◎ **Tokelo ya 8:** Seswantšhong se, Neo le tatago Mbali ba ngwala kanegelo ye ba mo anegelago yona. O gopola gore kanegelo ya bona e bolela ka eng? A re ngwale kanegelo yeo.
- Ge o feditiše go bala, leka wo mongwe wa mešongwana ye.
- ◎ Ngwala kanegelo yeo ngwana wa gago a go laelago gore o e ngwale gomme le e bale mmogo.
- ◎ Hloholetša bana ba gago go ba le lenaneo la dikanegelo ka moka tše ba di badilego mo kgwedding. Mafelelong a kgwedi, boledišanang ka ga tše ba ipshinngo ka tšona kudu.
- ◎ Anegela bana ba gago ye nngwe ya dikanegelo tše o di ratago kudu gomme o ba kgopele gore ba go anegele ye nngwe ya bona.

### Re swanetše go sepela!

Kanegelo ye e diragala ka Letšatši la Tsebo ya go Bala le go Ngwala la Boditšhabatšhaba. Neo o thabetše go bona mongwadi wa gagwe wa mmamoratwa kua bokgobapukung a be a mo fe puku ye a mo ngwaletšego yona, efela Tatagwe o swaregile kudu go ka mo iša. Ipshina ka go anega kanegelo o hlaboša lentšu le go e anega leswa.

- Šišinya gore bana ba gago ba itirele dipuku bjalo ka ge Neo a dirile ka kanegelong. E re ba akanye gore puku yeo ba nyaka go e fa mang – goba ge eba ba tla nyaka go e swara ba e bale gae!
- Bala dipuku tše dingwe tša go ngwala le/goba go swantšhwa ke Joan Rankin. Hwetša tshedimošo ka ga dipuku tša gagwe go [www.jacana.co.za](http://www.jacana.co.za), [www.nb.co.za](http://www.nb.co.za) le [www.shuters.com](http://www.shuters.com). Gape o ka hwetša dipuku tše o di swantšhitšego dikgatišong tša ditlaleletšo tša morago weposaeteng ya rena: [www.nalibali.org](http://www.nalibali.org). Lebelela dikgatišo tša 16, 19, 33, 37, 52, 60, 76 le 91.



## 4 easy ways to support your children's literacy

When we help children become readers and writers, we give them the key to a worldwide community. But, this does not happen overnight and we need to help spark their literacy, and then keep it going by inspiring them. Here are some of the ways you can help.

- ♥ **Be a role model.** Your children learn from your example. They need to see you using reading and writing in different ways in your daily life.
- ♥ **Provide materials.** You can't learn to read if you don't have anything to read, and you can't learn to write if you don't have anything to write with or on! Children need to be able to easily find books that interest them, and also paper, pencils and crayons to write and draw with.
- ♥ **Take an interest.** Every time children read and write, encourage them by showing an interest in what they are doing.
- ♥ **Read aloud.** When children are motivated to read and write, they stand a greater chance of being lifelong readers and writers! Reading aloud to them as often as you can, teaches them the power of print and opens up their minds to facts, fantasy, and much more. You can find stories in 11 languages on [www.nalibali.org](http://www.nalibali.org) and [www.nalibali.mobi](http://www.nalibali.mobi).

## Ditsela tše 4 tše bonolo tša go thekga tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala ya bana

Ge re thuša bana gore e be babadi le bangwadi, re ba fa dinotlelo tša setšhaba sa lefase ka bophara. Efela, se ga se direge ka nakwana, gomme re hloka go ba thuša go utulla tsebo ya bona ya go bala le go ngwala, gomme re e tšwetše pele ka go ba tutuetša. Fa ke tše dingwe tša ditsela tše o ka thušago ka tšona.

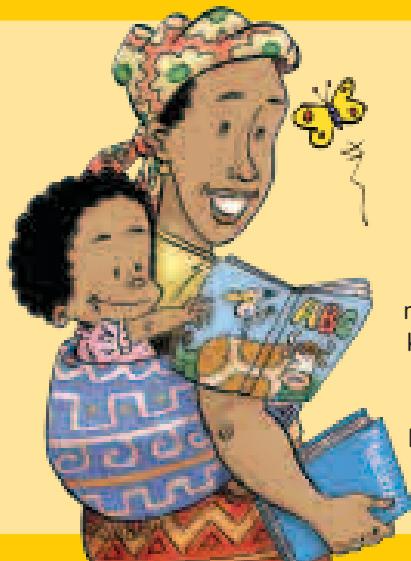
- ♥ **E ba mohlala o mobotse.** Bana ba gago ba ithuta ka mohlala wa gago. Ba nyaka go go bona o diriša go bala le go ngwala ka ditsela tša go fapanafapana bophelong bja gago bja letšatši ka letšatši.
- ♥ **Neelana ka didirišwa.** O ka se ithute go bala o se na seo o ka se balago, gape o ka se ithute go ngwala o se na seo o ngwalago ka sona goba go sona! Bana ba swanetše go kgona go hwetša dipuku tše di ba kgahlago gabonolo, gape le pampiri, diphensele le dikherayone tše ba tla ngwalago le go thala ka tšona.
- ♥ **E ba le kgahlego.** Nako le nako ge bana ba bala le go ngwala, ba hlohleletše ka go bontšha go ba le kgahlego go seo ba se dirago.
- ♥ **Bala ka go hlaboša lentšu** Ge bana ba hlohleletšwa go bala le go ngwala, go ba le kgonagalo ye kgolo ya gore e ka ba babadi le bangwadi ba bophelo ka moka! Go ba balela gantši ka mo o ka kgonago o hlaboša lentšu, go ba ruta ka ga maatla a kgatišo gomme gwa bula menagano ya bona go dinnete, boikgopolelo le tše dingwe tše dintši. O ka hwetša dikanegelo ka dipolelo tše 11 go [www.nalibali.org](http://www.nalibali.org) le [www.nalibali.mobi](http://www.nalibali.mobi).

## Reading club corner

September is filled with lots of opportunities to celebrate reading, writing and storytelling. Here are some of them.

7–13 September	National Book Week
8 September	International Literacy Day
21 September	Bibliodiversity Day
24 September	Heritage Day
30 September	Translation Day

"Bibliodiversity" means having a wide variety of books available so that everyone's experience of the world is written down and available in their own language and other languages. In this way, we can preserve our heritage and share our experiences with others. To celebrate Bibliodiversity Day, why don't you share a story from your childhood with someone who might not know it and ask them to share a story with you? Or, find a story about someone who is different to you and share that with your children. (You can find stories on [www.nalibali.org](http://www.nalibali.org) and [www.nalibali.mobi](http://www.nalibali.mobi).) After you have read the story, talk about the things you all have in common with the characters, as well as the ways in which your experiences are different.



## Sekhutlwana sa sehlopha sa go bala

Setemere e na le menyetla ye mentši ya go keteka go bala, go ngwala le go anega dikanegelo. Fa ke ye mengwe ya yona.

7–13 Setemere	Beke ya Dipuku ya Bosetšhaba
8 Setemere	Letšatši la Tsebo ya go Bala le go Ngwala la Boditšhabatšhaba
21 Setemere	Letšatši la Phapano ya Dingwalo
24 Setemere	Letšatši la Bohwa
30 Setemere	Letšatši la Phetolelo

"Phapano ya dingwalo" e ra gore go ba le mehutahuta ya dipuku gore boitemogelo bja motho yo mongwe le yo mongwe bja lefase bo ngwalwe le go ba gona ka polelo ya gagwe le dipolelo tše dingwe. Ka tsela ye, re ka babalela bohwa bja rena le go abelana ka boitemogelo bja rena le batho ba bangwe. Ge o keteka Letšatši la Phapano ya Dingwalo, ke ka lebaka la eng o sa abelana ka kanegelo ya nako ya ge o be o sa le yo monnyane le motho yo mongwe yo a sa e tsebegoo gomme wa mo kgopela gore le yena a go anegele kanegelo? Goba, hwetša kanegelo ya go bolela ka motho wa go fapano le wena gomme o e anegele bana ba gago. (O ka hwetša dikanegelo go [www.nalibali.org](http://www.nalibali.org) le [www.nalibali.mobi](http://www.nalibali.mobi).) Morago ga go bala kanegelo, bolela ka dilo tše wena le baanegwa le swanago ka tšona, le ka fao maitemogelo a gago a fapanago ka gona.

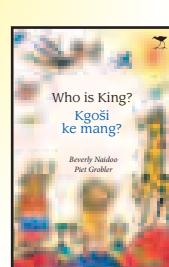
### Create two cut-out-and-keep books

#### Children's literacy rights book

1. Tear off page 9 of this supplement.
2. Fold the sheet in half along the black dotted line.
3. Fold it in half again along the green dotted line to make the book.
4. Cut along the red dotted lines to separate the pages.

#### Who is King?

1. To make this book use pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 11 and 12.
2. Keep pages 7 and 8 inside the other pages.
3. Fold the sheets in half along the black dotted line.
4. Fold them in half again along the green dotted line to make the book.
5. Cut along the red dotted lines to separate the pages.



### Itlhamele dipuku tše ripa-o-boloke tše pedi

#### Puku ya ditokelo tše bana tše tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala

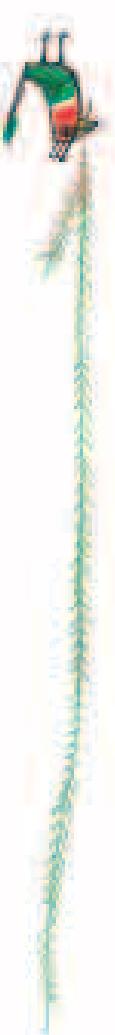
1. Ntšha letlakala la 9 la tlaletše ye.
2. Mena letlakala ka bogare go bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a maso.
3. Le mene ka bogare gape go bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a matalamorogo go dira puku.
4. Ripa go bapela le mothaladi ya marontho a mahubedu go aroganya matlakala.

#### Kgoši ke mang?

1. Go dira puku ye diriša matlakala a 5, 6, 7, 8, 11 le 12.
2. Matlakala a 7 le 8 a be ka gare ga matlakala a mangwe.
3. Mena matlakala ka bogare go bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a maso.
4. A mene ka bogare gape go bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a matalamorogo go dira puku.
5. Ripa go bapela le mothaladi ya marontho a mahubedu go aroganya matlakala.



Drive your imagination



ba le nako ya go tšeа bana.  
a o batameła, a hlaba lęstata. Sedogolo sa Unaňana ga se a  
le tseleng a eda a bona ngyawako wa Unaňana o le tseleng.  
Ka fao, ka letšati le lengwe, e tše ge Lenaka-le-Tee a  
a mabed.

ba se sa tshepa sebopiva sefe goba sefe sa mato  
lebouda u utswa lenaka la gagwe le te, Lenaka-le-Tee o  
go be go se bialo go Lenaka-le-Tee. E sa le mostomí wa  
ya kagale. Le ge didou tše ditsi di sephela ka thoko e tee,  
lémosa góre ngyawako wa gagwe o apilwe tseleng ya didou  
hagisetsa kotsi. Efela mo motseng ga go yo a liego a mo  
tše di kqaphilwe ke bana ba gagwe góome ga se tše ba  
Gabalé, Unaňana o be a leboga góre diphoofolo  
meno, pélé le sophera ka gatré go biaňo botelé.  
„Agaa, ba hlokomde“, gva tora Lepogo le ſenne  
mosetsana sa realo ka go hlaobsa lentu.

„Bana ba boſte ka tsela yel Jlma wa bona ke mang?“  
mosetsana se be se doga se tshopele.  
feta le ema góre le bogedé, sedogolo sa Unaňana sa  
Ka letšati la go hatala, ge Lepogo leo le bego le  
eyapélé.  
„Agaa, ba hlokomde“, Phala ya llá, pélé e  
mosetsana sa realo ka Pejana.

„Unaňana! O doga a boa gac“, sedogolo sa  
„Bana ba boſte ka tsela yel Jlma wa bona ke mang?“  
manaka a yona a go sopaganá ka thoko ya bana.  
lesókeng, e ilé ya ema ya ba bogedá. Phala e ilé ya lebisa  
Ka letšati la go hatala Phala yeo e bego e sephela



We publish what we like

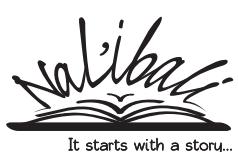
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Drive your imagination



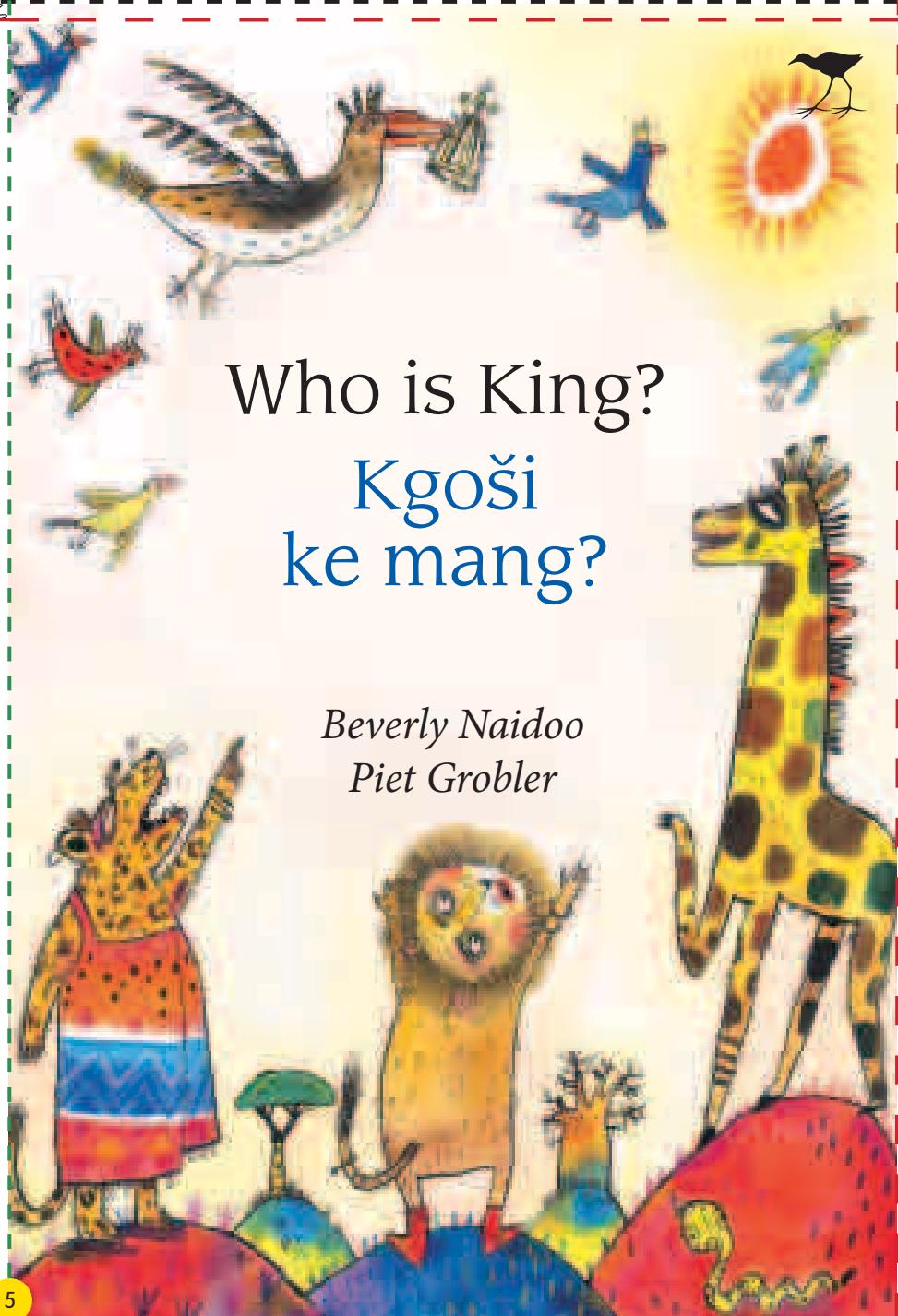
no time to pick up the children.  
towards it, trumpeting loudly Unaňana's nice had  
path and saw Unaňana's hut in the way, he stormed  
So, one day, when One-Tusk came along the  
trust any creature on two legs.

had stolen one of his ivory tusks, One-Tusk didn't  
the case with One-Tusk. Ever since a greedy hunter  
most elephants would walk to one side, this was not  
hut was built on an ancient elephant path. Although  
admired her children and wouldn't harm them. But  
Now, Unaňana was thankful that these animals  
before prowling off through the long grass.

„Well, take good care of them,“ snarled Leopard,  
said loudly.  
„Unaňana! She's on her way,“ the nice  
Leopard growled.  
„Such beautiful children! Who is their mother?“  
to stare, Unaňana's nice was truly nervous.  
The next day, when a passing Leopard stopped  
before bounding onwards.  
„Well, take good care of them,“ Impala yapped,  
the nice.  
„Unaňana! She'll be home soon,“ replied  
„Such beautiful children! Who is their mother?“  
hours towards the infants.  
The following day an Impala, leaping through  
the bush, stopped to stare. Impala pointed his swifly  
towards the infants.

# Who is King? Kgoši ke mang?

Beverly Naidoo  
Piet Grobler





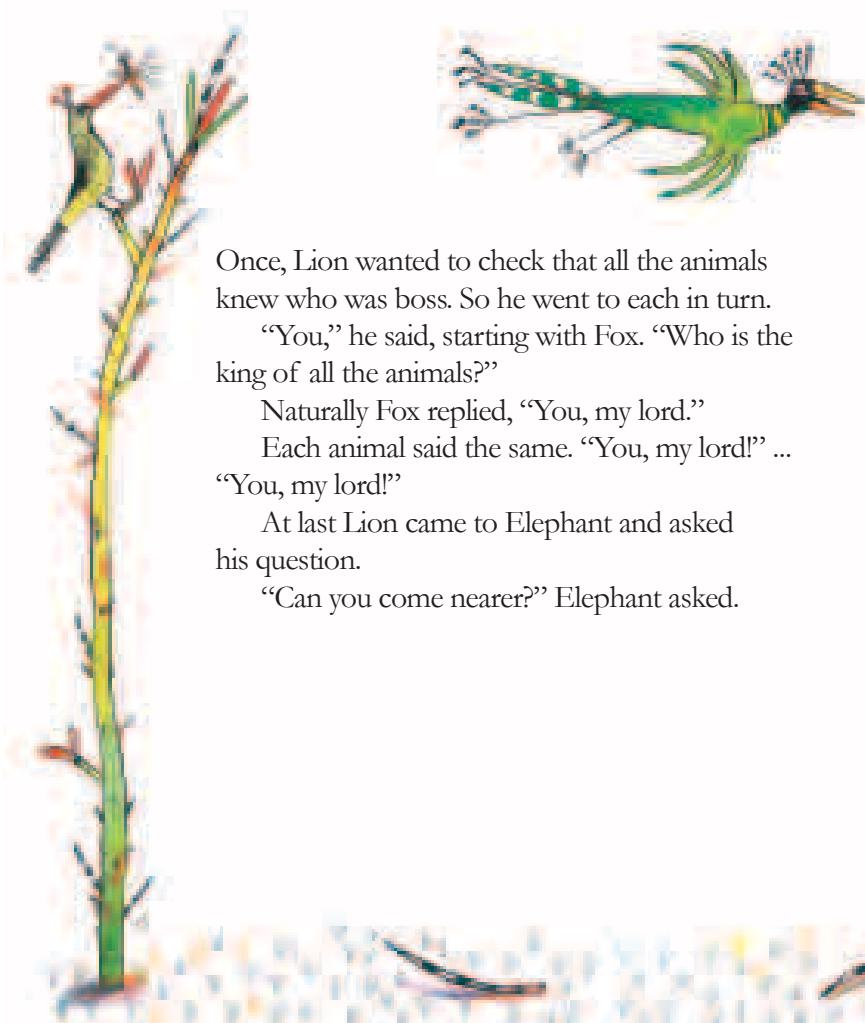
Ka leččati le lengwe, Unanana o be a le ka tšhemong ya gagwe, gomme bana ba bapala ka nde ga nqawko wa magareng ga mchela, gomme gatettee ya ema ya ba bogela. „Bana ba boste ka tseca yef” ya bogelca mosetsana yo monnayane a le lebadung, „Wlma wa bona ke mange.” „Unanana! O doga a boa gac” sedogolo sa mosetsana sa realo ka pčjana.

„Agaa, ba hlokomelic” Tšwenece ya realo, pele e sepele.

Follow One-Tusk's tracks.  
She carried a long sharp knife. Without a word, she began to  
pot on her head, steadying it with one hand, while in the other  
pot. It contained last night's bean stew. She emerged with the  
Unanana hurried into her hut to fetch her large cooking  
possibile that her children had been swallowed whole?  
united by cold when she heard what had happened. Was it  
her terrified niece shrieking and crying in the bush. Her heart  
filled and ran home. It was deserted! A little later, she found  
Hearing the trumpets, Unanana dropped her hoe in the  
on his way.  
them. In an instant they were gone, and One-Tusk lumbered  
inflants with his trunk, opened his mouth and swallowed  
She ran, screaming as the angry elephant swept up both

## Who is King?

An Amharic tale from Ethiopia



Once, Lion wanted to check that all the animals knew who was boss. So he went to each in turn.

“You,” he said, starting with Fox. “Who is the king of all the animals?”

Naturally Fox replied, “You, my lord.”

Each animal said the same. “You, my lord!” ...  
“You, my lord!”

At last Lion came to Elephant and asked his question.

“Can you come nearer?” Elephant asked.

Unanana took her knife and swiftly cut a passage between One-Tusk's ribs, leading the way with her children to their world outside. That evening, Unanana received many praises and gifts for freeing everyone.

From then on, the villagers offered her help. Unanana's niece even had a little time to play with the other children. It is also said that elephants have never swallowed people since then. But it is wise for people to show elephants the respect they deserve and, most of all, never to steal their ivory tusks.

Unanana o ile a tšea mphaka a bula tsela magareng ga dithapa tša Lenaka-le-Tee, o ile a eta bana ba gagwe pele ge ba etšwa. Mathapameng ao, Unanana o ile a fiwa dithetho le dimpho tše dintši ka ge a lokolotše batho ka moka.

Go tloga ka nako yeo, batho ba motse ba ile ba thoma go mo thusa. Setlogolo sa Unanana sa mosetsana se ile sa ba le sebakanyana sa go bapala le bana ba bangwe. Go thwe e sa le go tloga nako yeo ditlou ga se tša hlwa di sa metša batho. Efela go bohlokwa gore batho ba fe ditlou tlhompho yeo e di swanetšego, gomme go feta tšohle, ba se hlwe ba sa utswa manaka a tšona.



go latča mechakha ya Lenaka-le-Tee  
mphaka o motelle wa bogale. Nde le go nitscha Lentšu, a thoma  
a e thckgile ka sečata se tec, mola ka go le lengwe a swere  
sa go žala bosęgo bla go fetä. O tswedetiśe a twale poto hlogong  
tšea poto ye kkgolo ya go apele. E be e swere setšhu sa dñawa  
Uinanana o ile a sepedisa a ya ka nqawko wa gagwe go

gore go a kqonęga gorę bana ba gagwe ba meditšwe  
se dręgilego pedo ya gagwe ya tonya bla ka aese. E ka be e  
mosetsana a tamela a bila a la ka lesokeng O ile go kwa ka se  
Ka moragonyana o ile a hwetša sedogolvana sa gagwe sa  
gagwe ka tshemong a kintimca gac. Go be go se motol  
Unaňana o ile ge a ekwa lesata, a lahta mogoma wa  
sobeleka ka nukwana, gomme Lenaka-le-Tee a gwakaka a sepele  
ba badeči ka mmogoo, ya bulta molomo gomme ya ba metsa. Ba  
O ile a kitma, a gočeša, ge dou ya go beclwa e gogę bana



One day, Unaunaa was in her field, and the children were playing outside their mother's hut, when a large shaggy Baboon, lollipopping between some trees, suddenly stopped to stare at them. "Such beautiful children!" he barked to the young girl in the doorway, "Who is their mother?" "Unaunaa! She'll come home soon," the nice young girl said quickly, "Well, take good care of them," Baboon grunted, before lollipoping on his way.

## Kgoši ke mang?

Nonwane ya Amharic go tšwa Ethiopia



Ka letšatši le lengwe, Tau o be a nyaka go bona ge eba diphoofolo ka moka di tseba gore morena ke mang. Ka fao, o ile a ya go tšona ka e tee ka e tee.

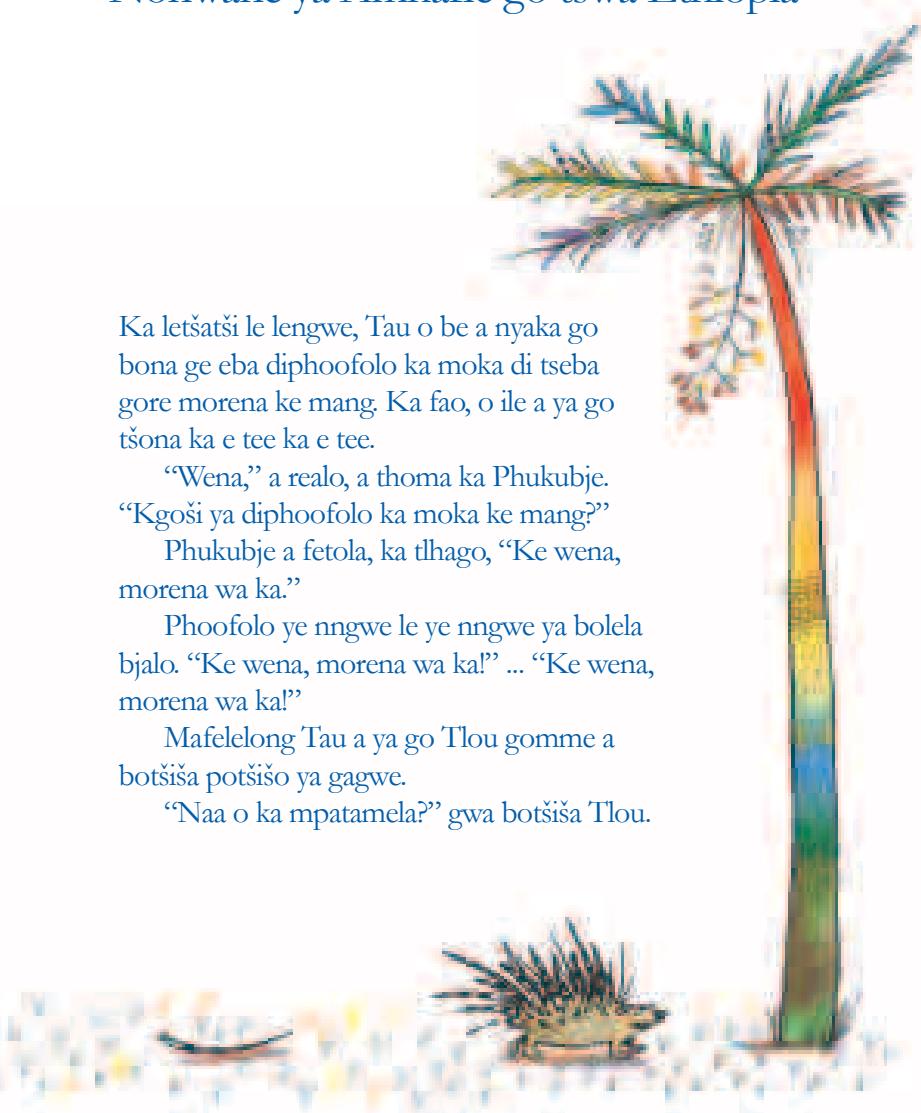
"Wena," a realo, a thoma ka Phukubje.  
"Kgoši ya diphoofolo ka moka ke mang?"

Phukubje a fetola, ka tlhago, "Ke wena,  
morena wa ka."

Phoofolo ye nngwe le ye nngwe ya bolela  
bjalo. "Ke wena, morena wa ka!" ... "Ke wena,  
morena wa ka!"

Mafelelong Tau a ya go Tlou gomme a  
botšiša potšišo ya gagwe.

"Naa o ka mpamatela?" gwa botšiša Tlou.





Lion thought that maybe Elephant was a little deaf. But as he stepped forward to repeat his question, he felt Elephant's trunk grasp him. Next, he was flying high in the sky!

Lion howled as he landed, battered and bruised.

"Why did you do that?" he whined to Elephant.  
"Why didn't you just say, 'I am the king!?'"

Elephant flapped his great ears and raised his trunk. Ignoring Lion, he lumbered away. But he trumpeted loudly to let all the animals know who was king.

Tau a nagana gore mogongwe Tlou ga a kwe gabotse. Efela e rile ge a gatela pele a boeletša potšišo ya gagwe, a kwa mmogo wa Tlou o mo swara. Sa go latela, ke ge a fofa godimo lefaufaung!

Tau a goeletša ge a wela fase, a gobala a be a ruruga.  
"Ke ka lebaka la eng o dirile se?" a ipelaetša go Tlou.  
"Nkane o se wa re, 'Ke nna kgoši!?'"

Tlou a phaphasetša ditsebe tša gagwe tše dikgolo, gomme a emiša mmogo. O ile a hlokologa Tau, a gwataka a sepela. Efela o ile a goeletša kudu go tsebiša diphoofolo gore kgoši ke mang.

ba botana.  
la gagwe. O ile a akanya seo se hlagetšego bana ba maswue, "a realo Tšwene, a leka go letefatša lenči a Lenaka-le-Tee?"  
ga leswika gomme a bitša. Na a se wa bona Go se go ye kae a bona Tšwene, e duše godimo



what had happened to the beautiful children  
barred Baboon, trying to make his voice soft. He guessed  
"Look for the place of tall trees and white stones,"  
called out to him. Had he seen One-Tusk?  
Before long, she saw Baboon sitting on a rock and

Gateetee a mo pšasola ka mmogo, a mo lokela ka molomong gomme ka mohemo o tee fela a sobelela gare gare mogolong wa gagwe.

Gabotsebotse, ke seo Unanana a bego a se nyaka. O be a sa swere poto ya gagwe le mphaka wa gagwe, mmele wa gagwe o sa feleletše gabotse. Bjale o swanetše go hwetša bana ba gagwe! Pele ga gagwe e be e le naga ya go makatša ya meboto le megola e tletše ka mawa a go tlala batho, dipudi, dimpša, dikatse ... gomme kua pele ga gawe, e be e le bana ba gagwe ba babedi ba kitimiša dikgogotshadi! O rile ge a bitša maina a bona, ba retologa ba mo kitimela ka ləbelo, ba lla ka tlala.

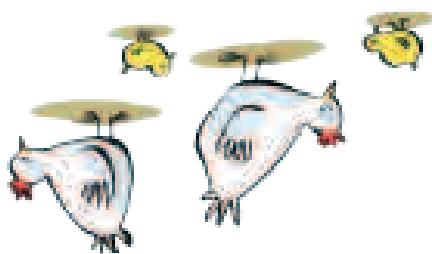
Unanana o ile a beya poto fase gomme a fa bana ba gagwe setšhuu sa dinawa. Gateetee batho bohole ba ile ba mo dikologa, ba kgopela dijo.

"Eyang le gotše mollo! Ga le bone gore le dikologilwe ke nama ye le ka e bešago?" Unanana a realo ka go kotla. O ile a lemoga batho ba bangwe ba e lego gore ga se ba ka ba mo thusa e sa le mola monna wa gagwe a hlokofalago.

"Nkane re sa ka ra nagana ka seo?" ba realo.

Gateetee, ke ge mollo o lauma. Dikgabo tša mollo ke ge di eya godimodimo ka mpeng ya sebata. Gateetee ke ge Lenaka-le-Tee a tsetla. O be a ekwa a eswa kudu ka teng gomme go se se a ka se dirago go emiša seo. Ka mošito o mogolo, o ile a wela fase a hwa. Batho bao ba lego ka gare ba be ba šetše ba ekwa phišo ye ntši.





To spend time drawing, painting and playing with stories.

5



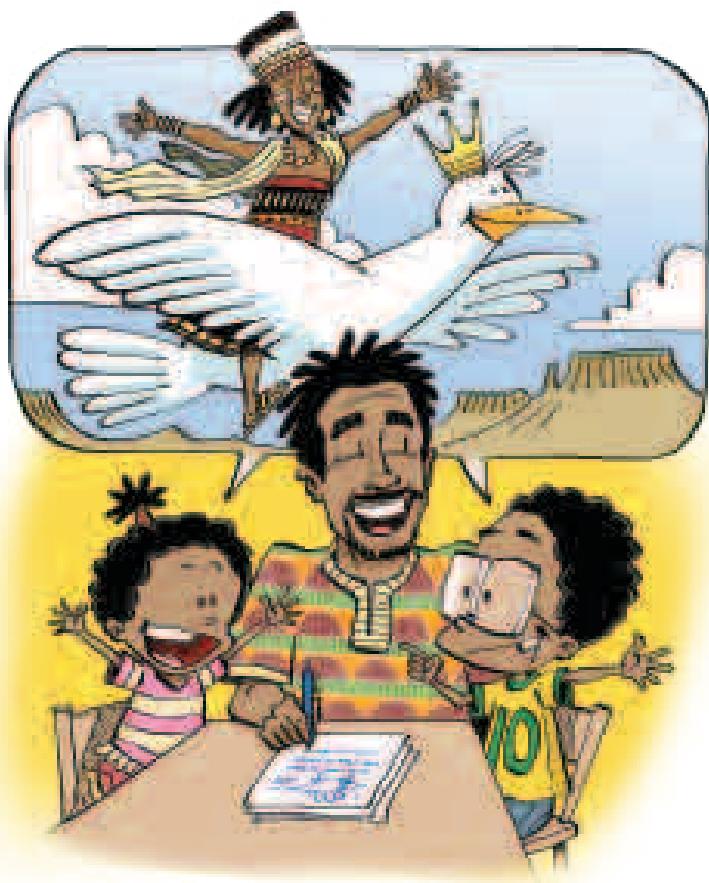
To be given opportunities to explore different types of writing – like stories, poems and information – from home and around the world.

4



To talk about stories and books with our friends, families and teachers.

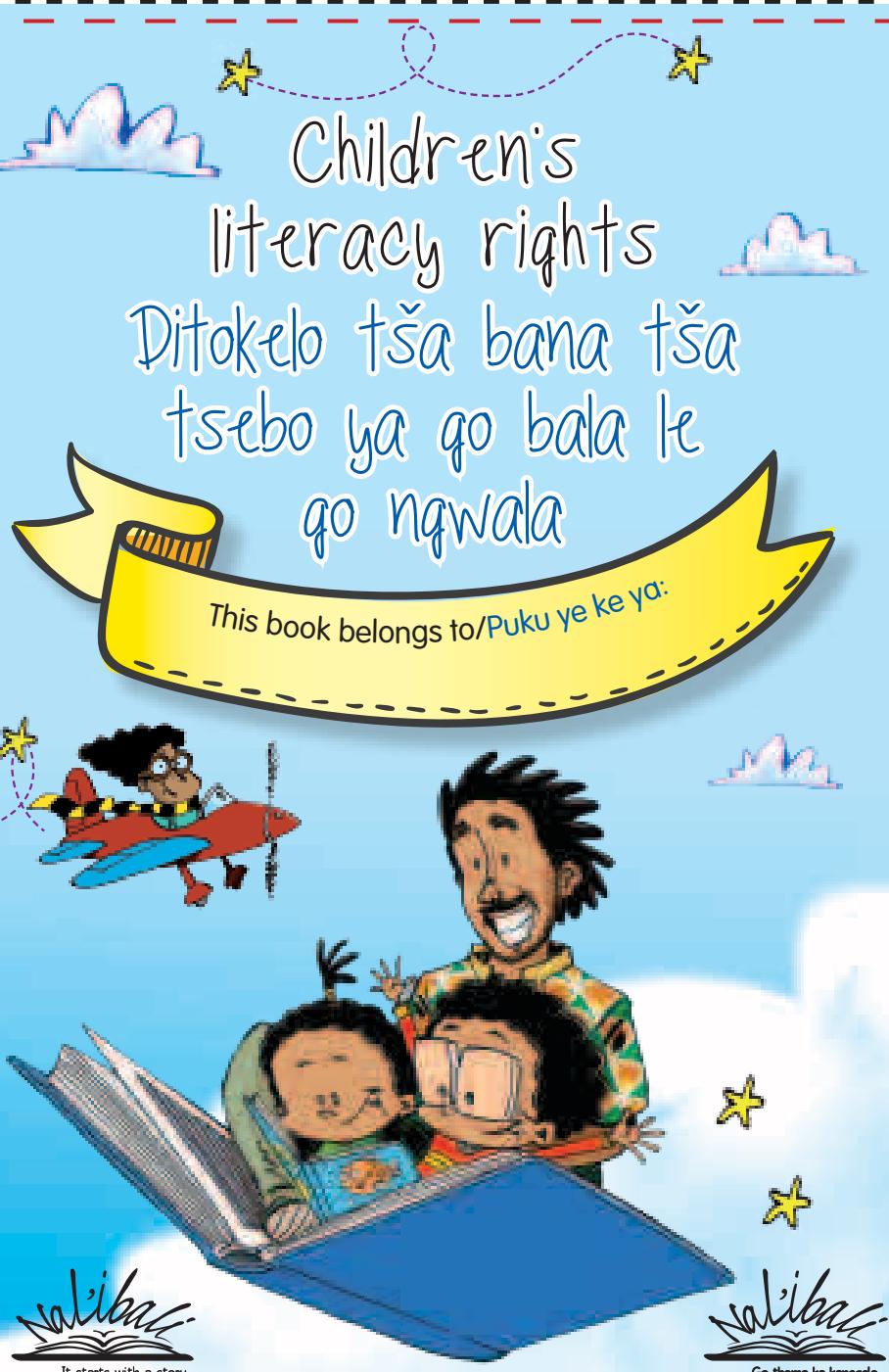
3



To share our thoughts, dreams and stories through our own writing.

Go abelana ka dikgopolo tša rena, ditoro le dikanegele ka dingwalwa tša rena.

8





All children can be powerful readers and writers! These are our literacy rights.  
Bana ka moka e ka ba babadi goba bangwadi ba maatla! Tše ke ditokelo tša rena tša go bala le go ngwala.



To listen to hundreds and even thousands of wonderful stories, and tell our own stories too.

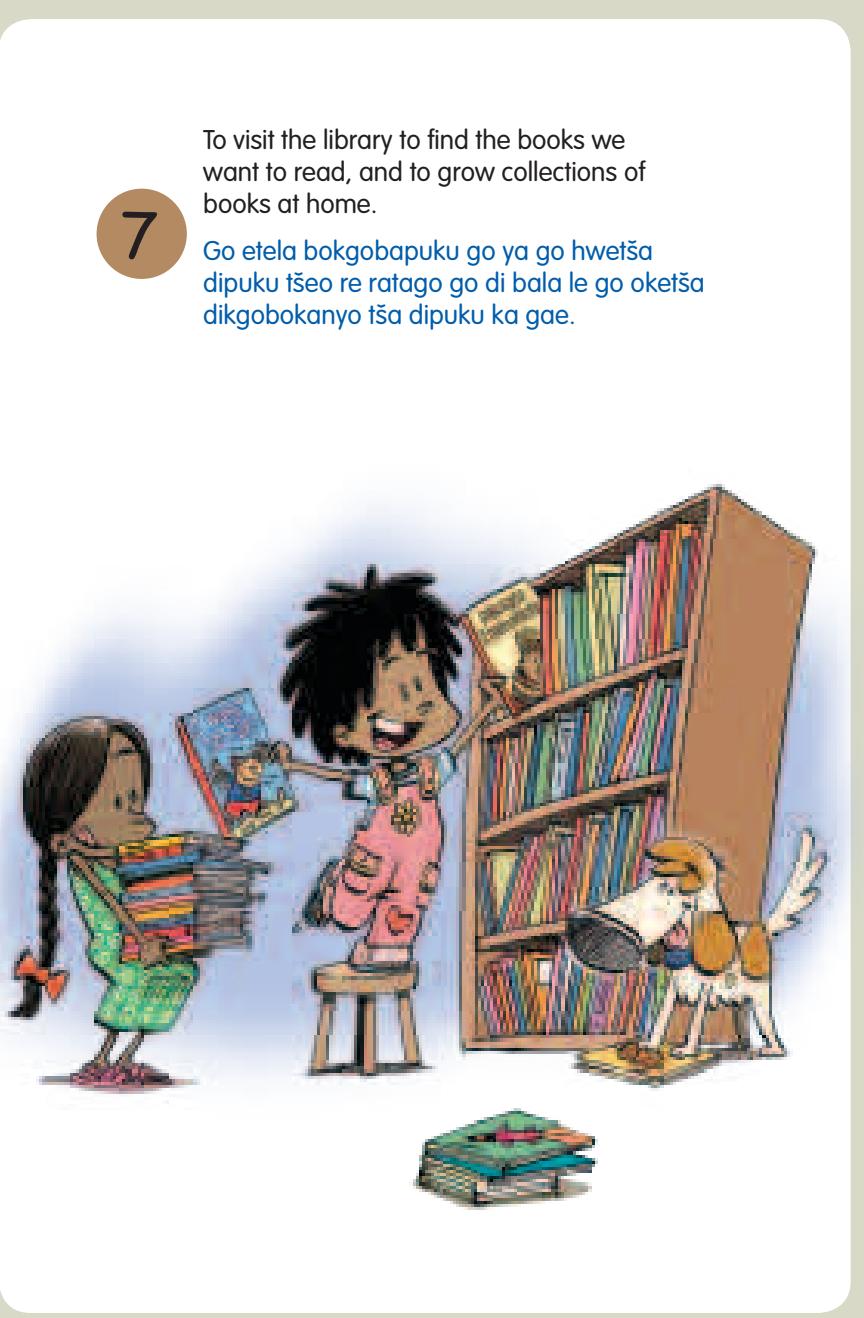
Go theeletša dikanegelo tša dimakatšo tše makgolokgolo goba tše diketekete, le go anega dikanegelo tša rena gape.

1



To get help from adults with our reading and writing, and with choosing interesting books to read.  
Go hweča thuso ya go bala le go ngwala batlhong ba bagolo, le ya go kgehetha dipuku tša go kgahlisa tša go bala.

9



To visit the library to find the books we want to read, and to grow collections of books at home.

Go etela bokgobapuku go ya go hwetša dipuku tše re ratago go di bala le go oketša dikgobokanyo tša dipuku ka gae.

7

masweu," Lepogo a realo.  
Ifelelo la mchlaré e metelé le maswika a  
potisio ya gagwe.

ya mohare. Nde le go tshega, o ile a botisia  
o ile a bona Lepogo le ikadile go bapela le kala  
a laetisa kwelobohoko. Kua Pejana, Unanana  
pele. Mahlo a gagwe a magolo a masocho a be  
pele. Phala o ile a fa karabo ya go swana le ya  
gomme a botisia potisio ya go swana le ya

Kua Pejana, Unanana o ile a bona Phala

stones," Leopard purred  
direction, "Find the place of tall trees and white  
Leopard flicked his tail to point the  
out her question.

along the branch of a tree. Fearlessly, she called  
Yet further on, Unanana saw Leopard stretched  
answer. His large brown eyes showed sympathy  
asked the same question. Impala gave the same

Some way on, Unanana saw Impala and



Suddenly, he swooped her up with his trunk, shoved her into his mouth and in one gulp sent her flying down, down, down his throat.

Well, this was just what Unanana wanted. Gripping her pot and her knife, she was still in one piece. Now she must find her children! Here was a strange land of valleys and hills dotted with caves full of people, goats, dogs, cats ... and there, ahead of her, were her two children running after some chickens! When she called their names, they turned and came scampering up to her, complaining that they were hungry.

Unanana put down her pot and began feeding her children the bean-stew. In an instant, everyone crowded around her, begging for food.

"Go and build a fire! Can't you see you have meat all around you to roast?" Unanana said scornfully. She recognised some people who had never offered her any help when her husband died.

"Why didn't we think of that?" they said.

In no time, a fire was roaring. The flames rose up higher and higher inside the great beast's stomach. Soon it was One-Tusk who was roaring. He felt a terrible burning inside him and there was nothing he could do to stop it. With a mighty thump, he fell down and died. It was just in time for all the people inside, who were getting very hot.

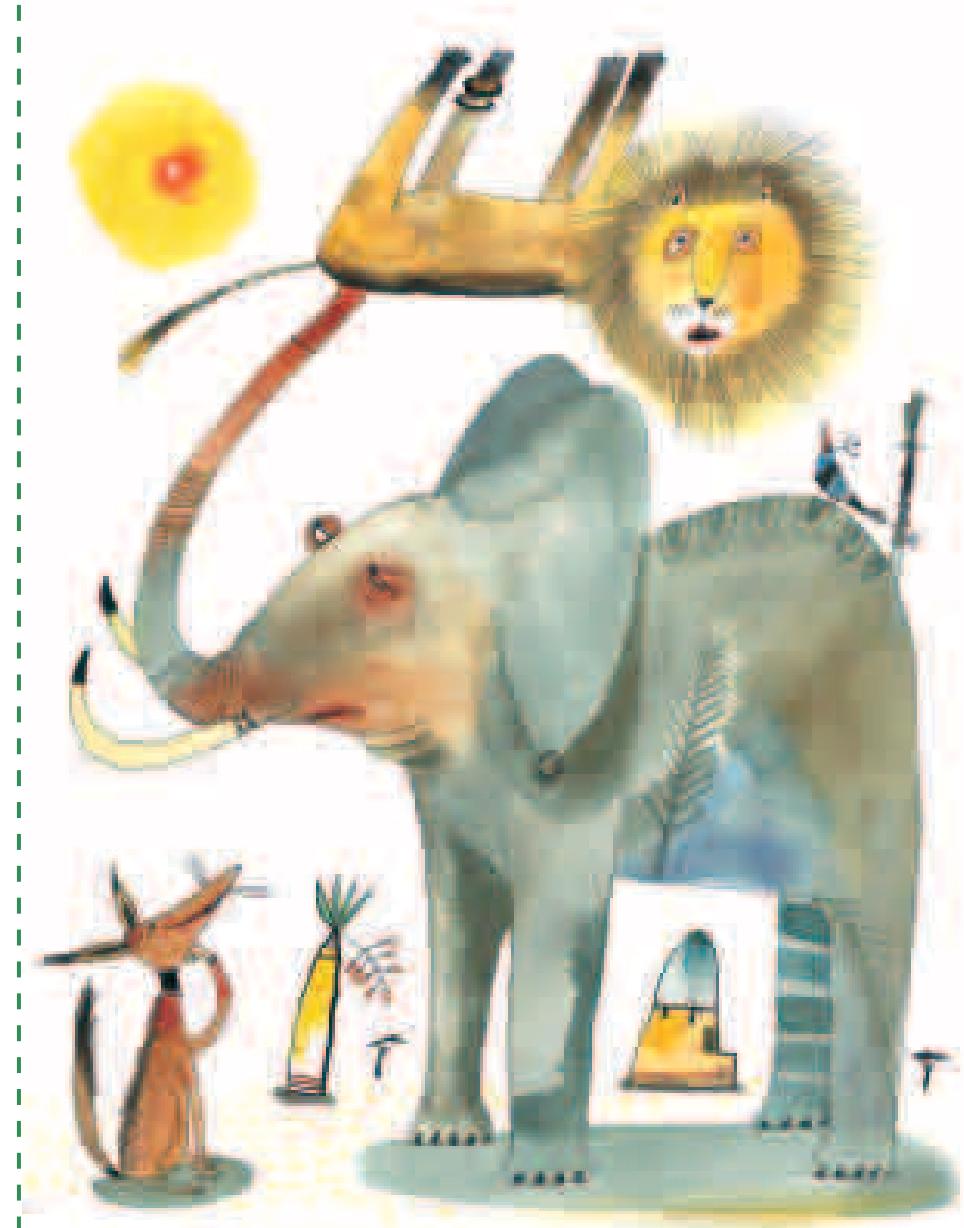


Homolang bona, robaling"  
Homolang bona, robaling  
Homolang bona, robaling

gommé seo se be se mo fa mada.  
tsa bona tsé bonolo le myemélo ya bona,  
bonewe le bjo bonewe. O be a gopola difahlego  
a bego a e opclela masca a gagwe bosoégo bjo  
bile a hlagola, Unanana o be a bobola kosa yeo  
Ietasti ka moka, ge a epa, a lema a

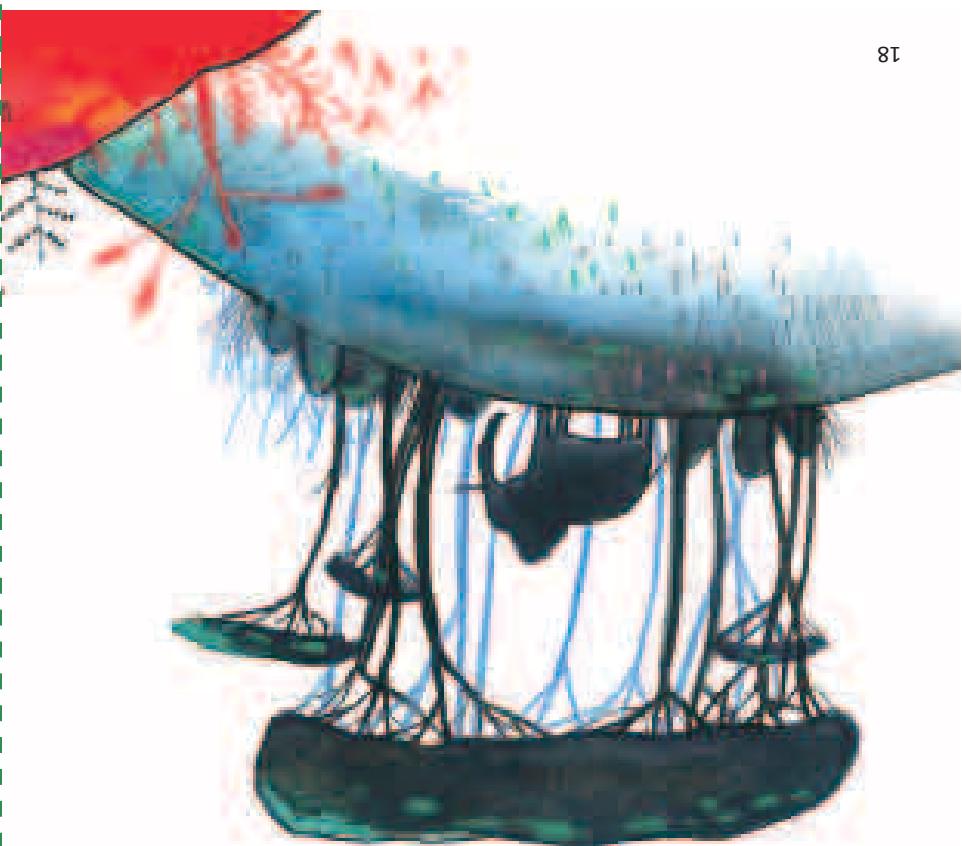
Hush children, sleep.  
Hush children, don't you cry  
Tbulani bandanna, lalani.  
"Tbulani bandanna, nnyakabat

faces and smiles, and this gave her strength.  
night to her infants. She imagined their gentle  
Unanana hummed the lullaby that she sang every  
All day, while digging hoeing and weeding





mo mōtseng wa kqauwi.  
ilēgo a iħaoħap go mo thūsa  
a be a se għoġa. Ga go yo a  
ħlokomċa bana ba għagħwe ġe  
yo monnjanne yo o be a  
wa għagħwe. Mōsestana  
bana ba badej, yena, le morwedi wa bui  
a hlokomfallek tħalli ke monna. O be a hlokomċa  
ka leokeneg ġe a le tseleñg ya go ya gaę.  
yeo, o be a swanġela go tħażma a rrawġala dikgħo  
O be aboa feliha ġe let'sati le dikkla. Le ka nako  
a dōga għad a ġeyha go s'omma tħemong ja għażiex.  
ya boksego, mosadit wa go biżżeċċwa. Unanana o be  
ge let'sati le be le hħabha le koka kopo ye nħażo  
Kqagħekk, mesong yē menġaw le yē menġaw le



to flap his vast ears, Unanana carried on shouting at him.  
had blocked the elephant path? While One-Tusk began  
who had stolen his tusk. Was this not also the one who  
manners, especially by a creature on two legs, like the three  
Now, One-Tusk didn't like being talked to in this

back to me! she demanded.  
„You swallowed my beautiful children! Give them  
walked right up in front of him. She waved her knife.  
stood an enormous elephant with a single tusk. Unanana  
of tall trees and large white stones. There, in the middle,  
Sure enough, in a little while, Unanana saw a clearing



## Nonwane ya se Zulu go tħawa Afrika Borwa Lenaka-le-Tee Unanana le

# Unanana and One-Tusk

A Zulu tale from South Africa



A long time ago, as the rising sun chased away the night's dark cloak every morning, a woman called Unanana left home to work in her field. She only returned as the sun lay down to rest. Even then, she still had to collect firewood from the bush on her way home.

It was very hard for Unanana because her husband was dead. She had two little children to feed, as well as herself and her brother's daughter. This young girl looked after her little ones while she was away. No one in the nearby village offered to help her.



Ka nnete, go se go ye kae, Unanana o ile a bona  
mehlare e metelele le maswika a mašweu. Kua gare, go be  
go eme tlou ye kgolo kudu ya lenaka le tee. Unanana o ile a  
ya go ema pele ga yona. O ile a emiša mphaka wa gagwe.

“O meditše bana ba ka ba ba botse! Ba buše!” a realo.

Bjale, Lenaka-le-Tee o be a sa nyake motho wa go  
bolela le yena ka tsela ye, kudu sebopiwa sa maoto a  
mabedi, bjalo ka leħodu la go utswa lenaka la gagwe. Afa  
ga se yena a thibilego tsela ya tlou? E rile ge Lenaka-le-Tee  
a thoma go phaphasetħa ditsebe tħa gagwe tse dikgħo,  
Unanana a tħwela pele go mo hlabelha leħata.





# We have to go!

By Helen Brain



Illustrations by Rico

It was Tuesday and there was no school. All the children were meeting at the library for a special day. It was International Literacy Day and people all over the world were going to read and write and listen to stories on the same day.

Neo was so excited. His favourite author, Joan Rankin, was coming to the library to read from the books she had written, and his dad had promised to take him to see her. Neo had written a special book about her, and he couldn't wait to give it to her.

But when Neo got up on Tuesday morning, there was a funny noise coming from the kitchen. He went to look. The washing machine was making a terrible rattling, coughing noise as if it was going to explode.



Neo's dad came to see. "Oh no!" he said. "The pump must be broken. It's going to cost so much to get it fixed. We might have to buy a whole new washing machine."

"We can't afford a new washing machine," Neo's mom said. "Please, can't you fix it? I have to go to work, and there's so much dirty washing."

Dad hated seeing Neo's mom so upset so he said, "I'll fix it. Neo will help me. I'll find a website that shows me how to mend broken washing machines."

"But, Dad, you promised to take me to the library," said Neo.

"That will have to wait, Neo. The washing machine is more important. Maybe Gogo can take you," said Dad.

"I'm going out today," said Gogo, shaking her head. "I'm sorry, Neo. You'll have to go next week."

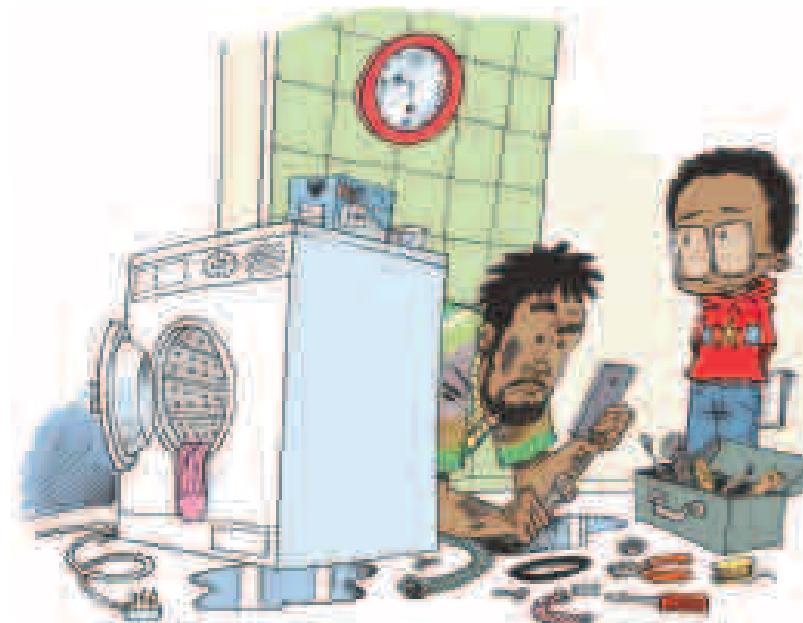
Neo was very upset. "But, Dad, you promised me you would take me to the library," he said. "We have to go soon."

Dad fetched his toolbox and googled, "How to fix a washing machine pump" on his cellphone.

"Here you go," he said to Neo, showing him the page. "This doesn't look too difficult." And with that, he pulled the washing machine out and turned it around so he could take off the back.

But fixing the machine was more difficult than it looked.

"There's a drawing here," Dad grumbled, looking at his phone. "But it's so small, I can't see what goes where."



Then Dad dropped one of the screws and it rolled under the fridge, so he had to pull the fridge out to get the screw. Neo looked at the clock. It was half past nine. Only half an hour until Joan Rankin arrived at the library.

"Please, Dad," he said, hopping from one leg to the other. "Please, hurry so we can go to the library. We have to go now."

"I'm busy here and you are not helping, Neo!" Dad looked cross.

Neo was upset. His father had promised to take him, but now everything was going wrong.

"NO, NO, NO," yelled Dad. "I don't believe it!"

"What?" Neo asked in a small voice.

"Now my phone's battery is flat!" Dad shouted. "Please fetch me the charger."

But at that very moment the power went out.

"Oh no," said Neo. "Now the electricity is off."

Dad seemed very angry. "This is the worst Tuesday ever. I'm halfway through fixing the machine and now I can't read about what to do next."

Neo nodded. "Yes, it is the worst Tuesday ever. You can't fix the machine, and I'm missing Joan Rankin," but he didn't say any more because he could see that Dad was very upset. Neo slumped down at the kitchen table and hid his head in his arms.

Dad packed away his tools. "There's not much we can do now," he said.

Neo lifted his head a little bit. The clock said ten to ten. They could still make it to the library – they'd be late, but he'd still see Joan Rankin and he could still give her his present. He turned the pages of the little book he'd made. He'd written the story and drawn the pictures, and Gogo had helped him put it together and make a cover. Dad was calming down. He picked up Neo's book. "What's this, Neo?" he asked.

*Continued on page 15.*

# Re swanetše go sepela!

Ka Helen Brain



Diswantšho ka Rico

E be e le Labobedi gomme go sa iwe sekolong. Bana ka moka ba be ba ile go kopana bokgobapukung ka letšatši la go kgethega. E be e le Letšatši la Tsebo ya go Bala le go Ngwala la Boditšhabatšhaba gomme batho ka moka lefaseng ba be ba eya go bala le go ngwala le go theeleša dikanegelo ka lona letšatši leo.

Neo o be a thabile kudu. Mongwadi wa gagwe wa mmamoratwa, Joan Rankin, o be a ile go tla bokgobapukung go tlo bala dipuku tše o a di ngwadilego, gomme tatagwe o be a mo tshepišitše go mo iša fao gore a ye go mmona. Neo o be a ngwadile puku ya go kgethega ka ga yena, gomme a fela pelo ya go mo fa yona.

Efela e rile ge Neo a tsoga mesong ya Labobedi, a kwa lešata la go makatša go tšwa ka moraleng. O ile a ya go lebelela. Motšene wa go hlatswa diaparo o be o dira lešata le lebe, lešata la mogohlolo o ka re o tloga o thunya.



Tatago Neo o ile a tla go bona. "Aowa, hle!" a realo. "Pompo e swanetše go ba e robegile. Go e lokiša go tlo bitša mašeleng a mantši. Re ka no swanelwa ke go reka motšene wa go hlatswa diaparo o moswa."

"Re ka se be le tšelete ya go reka motšene wa go hlatswa diaparo o moswa," Mmago Neo a realo. "Naa, o ka se kgone go o lokiša? Ke swanetše go ya mošomong, gomme go na le diaparo tša ditšhila tše dintšhi."

Tate o be a sa rate go bona mmago Neo a befešwe ka tsela ye gomme a re, "Ke tla o lokiša. Neo o tla nthuša. Ke tla hwetša weposaete ya go laetša ka fao go lokišwago metšhene ya go hlatswa diaparo."

"Efela Tate, o ntshepišitše gore o tla nkiša bokgobapukung," a realo Neo.

"Seo se tla swanela go ema, Neo. Motšene wa go hlatswa diaparo o bohlokwa kudu. Mogongwe Koko a ka ya le wena," a realo Tate.

"Ke na le mo ke yago lehono," a realo Koko, a šikinya hlogo ya gagwe. "Ke maswabi, Neo. O tla swanela go ya beke ye e tlago."

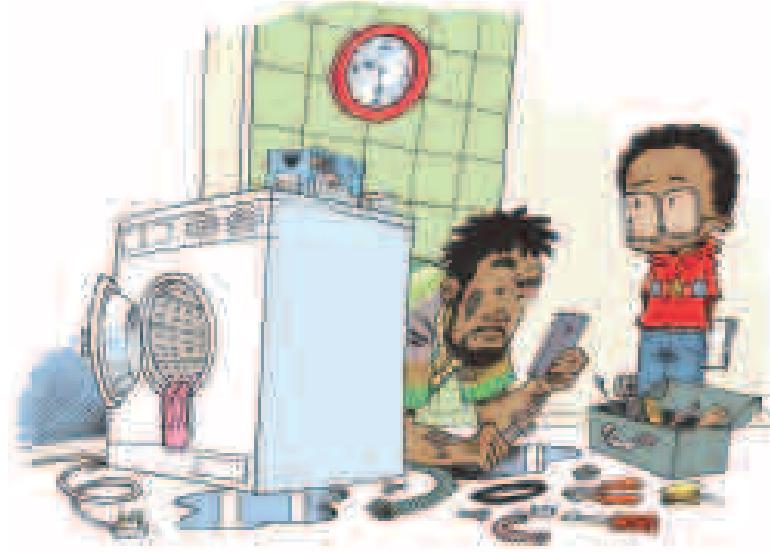
Neo o be a befešwe kudu. "Efela, Tate, o ntshepišitše gore o tla nkiša bokgobapukung," a realo. "Re swanetše go ya ka pela."

Tate o ile a tšeа lepokisi la gagwe la dithulusi gomme a kukula sellathekeng sa gagwe, "Ka fao nka lokišago pompo ya motšene wa go hlatswa diaparo".

"Wa bona," a realo go Neo, a mmontšha letlakala. "Se ga se bonale se le thata kudu." Gomme, a goga motšene wa go hlatswa diaparo a o retološa gore a ntšhe bokamorago.

Efela go lokiša motšene go ile gwa thatafala go feta ka fao go bego go bonala ka gona.

"Go na le sethalwa fa," gwa ngunanguna Tate a lebeletše sellathekeng sa gagwe. "Efela ke se sennyane, ga ke kgone go bona gore go diragala eng."



Ka morago Tate o ile a wiša se sengwe sa dikurufi sa pshikologela ka tlase ga setšidifatši, ka fao a swanelwa ke go goga setšidifatši gore a hwetše sekurufi. Neo o ile a lebelela sešupanako. E be e le seripagare go tšwa go iri ya sennyane. Seripagare sa iri pele ga ge Joan Rankin a fihla bokgobapukung.

"Hle, Tate," a realo, a taboga ka go fapanya maoto. "Itlhaganele, hle, gore re ye bokgobapukung. Re swanetše go sepela gona bjale."

"Ke swaregile fa ebile ga o nthuše, Neo!" Tate o be a bonala a befešwe.

Neo o be a tshwenyegile. Tatagwe o be a mo tshepišitše gore o tla mo iša, efela gabjale dilo ka moka ga di sepele gabotse.

"AOWA, AOWA, AOWA," gwa goeletša Tate. "Ga ke tshepe!"

"Ke eng?" Neo a botšiša ka lentšu le lennyane.

"Mogala wa ka o fedile petiri!" Tate a goeletša. "Ntlele le tšhatšhara."

Efela ka yona nako yeo mabone a tšhaba.

"Aowa, hle," a realo Neo. "Mohlagase bjale o tšhabile."

Tate o be a bonala a befešwe kudu. "Le ke Labobedi le lebe kudukudu. Ke tla gare ka go lokiša motšene wo bjale ga ke sa kgona go bala gore ke dire eng sa go latela."

Neo a dumela ka hlogo. "Ee, ke Labobedi le lebe kudukudu. O ka se lokiša motšene, gomme ke hlaelwa ke Joan Rankin," efela ga se a bolele se sengwe gape ka gobane o be a bona gore Tate o befešwe kudukudu. Neo a inama tafoleng ya ka moraleng gomme a fihla hlogo ya gagwe ka gare ga matsogo.

Tate o ile a paka dithulusi tša gagwe. "Ga go sa na seo re tla se dirago bjale," a realo.

Neo a o ile a emiša hlogo ya gagwe gannyane. E be e le metsotsa ye lesome go ya go iri ya lesome sešupanakong. Ba ka fihla bokgobapukung – ba tla latelwa, efela o tla kgona go bona Joan Rankin a ba a mo fa mpho ya gagwe. O ile a phetla matlakala a puku ye nnyane yeo a bego a e dirile. O ngwadile kanegelo a ba a thala le diswantšho, gomme Koko o mo thušitše go e dira le go dira leksgata. Moya wa Tate o be o theoga. O ile a topa puku ya Neo. "Ke eng se, Neo?" a botšiša.

E tšwetšwa pele letlakaleng la 15.



From page 13.



"My book," Neo said in a tiny voice. "I was going to give it to my favourite author at the ..." He didn't finish the sentence.

"Come on," called Dad, grabbing his car keys. "We have to go NOW! We can still get to the library in time if we hurry."

Joan Rankin had begun to read her story to the children when Neo and Dad hurried into the library. Neo found a seat at the back and settled down to listen. Her story was wonderful, and so were her pictures. Neo hoped he'd be able to draw like that one day.

And the best of all? When she'd finished and Neo showed her his book, she thought it was wonderful.

"Did you really write this story all by yourself?" she asked him.

"Yes," said Neo. "And I drew the pictures too. It's a present for you, Ma'am."

Then Joan Rankin opened her bag and took out one of her books. Inside she wrote, "For Neo, who makes beautiful books", and she signed her name in big letters and gave it to him.

Neo was so happy. He held the book so tightly he never wanted to let it go.

Just then Dad came over. "You won't believe it," he said. "I found a book on how to fix washing machines, and look – the drawings are big and clear. Why didn't you tell me the library had books like this, Neo?"



Dad gave Neo a hug. "Books are awesome. Their batteries never run flat, and you can even read them when the electricity goes off."

Neo smiled a happy smile and nodded. That was true. You can read a book anywhere and anytime.

Go tšwa letlakaleng la 14.



"Ke puku ya ka," a realo Neo ka lentšu le lennyane. "Ke be ke eya go e fa mongwadi wa ka wa mmamoratwa kua ..." Ga se a fetša lefoko.

"Ela," a realo Tate, a tšeа dinotlelo tša sefatanaga. "Re swanetše go sepela GONA BJALE! Ge re ka itlhaganela re ka fihla bokgobapukung ka nako."

Joan Rankin o be a thomile go balela bana kanegelo ge Neo le Tate ba sepediša ba tsena ka bokgobapukung. Neo o ile a hwetša setulo kua morago a dula fase a theeletša. Kanegelo ya gagwe e be e le bose le diswantšho tša gagwe di le botse. Neo o be a holofela gore ka le lengwe la matšatši o tla kgonas go thala ka tsela yeo.

Go feta tšohle? E rile ge a feditše, gomme Neo a mmontšha puku ya gagwe, a gopola gore ke ye botse.

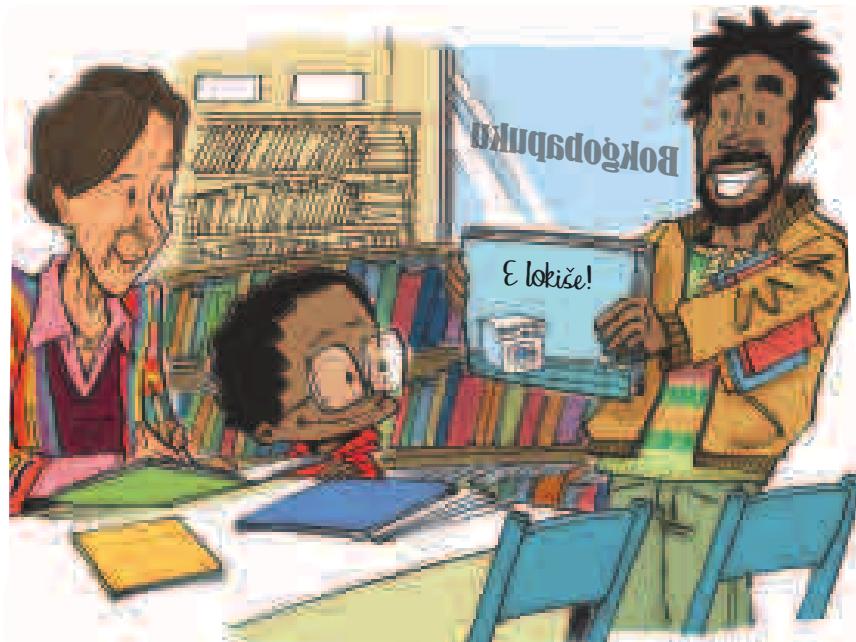
"Naa o ngwadile kanegelo ye ka bowena?" a mmotšiša.

"Ee," a realo Neo. "Gomme ke thadile le diswantšho. Ke mpho ya gago, Mohumagadi."

Gomme Joan Rankin a bula mokotla wa gagwe a ntšha ye nngwe ya dipuku tša gagwe. Ka gare a ngwala, "Ya Neo, wa go dira dipuku tše di botse", gomme a saena leina la gagwe ka ditlhaka tše dikgolo gomme a mo fa.

Neo o be a thabile kudu. O ile a swara puku ka go e kgwahlišetša a sa nyake go e tlogela le gatee.

Tate a fihla ka nako yeo. "O ka se tshepe," a realo. "Ke hweditše puku ya go bolela ka go lokiša metšhene, lebelela – dithalwa tša gona ke tše dikgolo ebile di bonagala gabotse. Nkane o be o sa mpotše gore bokgobapuku bo na le dipuku tša go swana le tše, Neo?"



Tate a gokara Neo. "Dipuku di botse. Dipetiri tša tšona ga di fele, gape o ka di bala le ge mohlagase o tšhabile."

Neo a myemyela ka myemyela ya lethabo a ba a dumela ka hlogo. Seo ke nnate. O ka bala puku mo gohle le ka nako efe goba efe.

# Nal'ibali fun

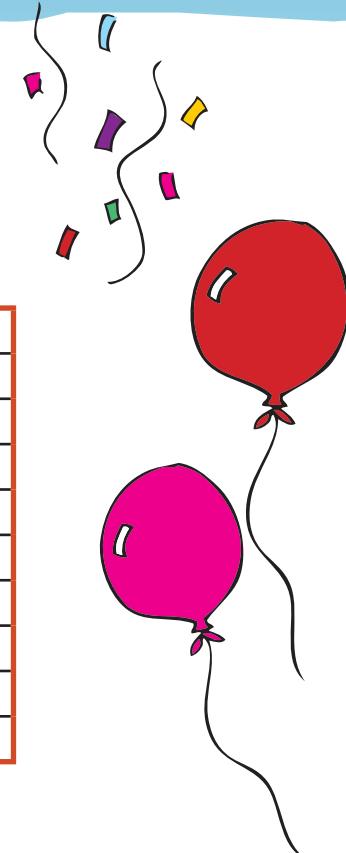
## Boipshino bja Nal'ibali



Can you find these words in the wordsearch block below?

BOOK  
COMMUNICATE  
EXPRESS  
IDEAS  
KNOWLEDGE  
NEWSPAPER  
PAPER  
PENCIL  
POEM  
READ  
STORY  
WRITE

K	S	P	E	T	N	B	E	N	Y	O
N	T	S	B	P	E	B	O	O	K	P
O	O	B	A	O	W	I	Q	U	V	L
W	R	I	T	E	S	R	E	A	D	D
L	Y	D	S	M	P	A	P	E	R	A
E	I	E	C	P	A	M	I	A	M	E
D	A	A	H	U	P	E	N	C	I	L
G	S	S	O	T	E	I	M	Y	U	A
E	I	E	X	P	R	E	S	S	L	O
C	O	M	M	U	N	I	C	A	T	E



Naa o ka hwetša mantšu a polokong ya sesetšhamantšu ya ka tlase?

PUKU  
BOLELA  
RIPA  
DIKGOPOLLO  
TSEBO  
KURANTA  
PAMPIRI  
PHENSELE  
SERETO  
BALA  
KANEVELO  
NGWALA

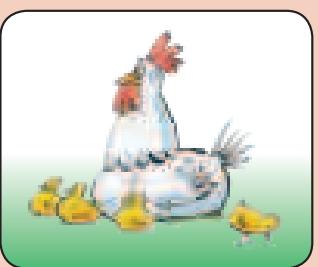
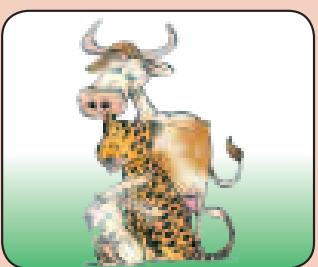
D	I	K	G	O	P	O	L	O	N	T
R	T	U	B	P	H	B	O	B	G	S
I	I	R	A	P	E	A	L	O	W	E
P	R	A	L	A	N	R	E	L	A	B
A	Y	N	A	M	S	A	P	E	L	O
P	I	T	L	P	E	K	U	L	A	L
U	A	A	A	I	L	E	N	A	I	E
K	S	S	E	R	E	T	O	Y	U	L
U	I	E	X	I	R	E	S	S	L	A
K	A	N	E	G	E	L	O	A	T	E



Are you a star storyteller?

Look at the pictures below. Can you make up a story based on all or some of these pictures? You could tell your story to a group of friends, or write it down so that you can read it to others later.

- Decide which picture you want to use for the start of your story.
- Then, look at the other pictures and decide in what order you could use them to create a story.
- Now, write or tell your story and use words to fill in the gaps between the pictures to create your story.
- Many different stories can be created from the pictures. The story you write or tell will depend on the order you use the pictures in, the ideas you have and how you weave them together into a story!
- You might like to cut out the pictures to use with your story.
- Don't forget to give your story an interesting title.



If you wrote a story for this activity and you would like to have it published in the Nal'ibali supplement, then send it to us at [info@nalibali.org](mailto:info@nalibali.org). We'll try to publish as many stories as we can!

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